



COVID-19 - Country Restrictions and Requirements

Updated 9 March 2022

It is imperative all travelers remain up-to-date and situationally aware as <u>restrictions and</u> <u>requirements are subject to change with little to no notice and may be at the discretion of local authorities.</u> Regularly monitor exemptions to entry restrictions for business or work-related travelers which may differ from that of tourists.

When testing/vaccine requirements apply, ensure the correct type of test/vaccine is utilized and it is taken within the permitted time frame.

This document includes:

- A Pre-Travel Checklist focused on restrictions that may limit your ability to travel
- Additional Resources for researching everchanging restrictions and requirements
- Travel Restrictions and Requirements by country for common travel locations

Please let us know where else we can assist.

COVID-19 Pre-Travel Restrictions Checklist:
Destination Country restrictions
☐ City/Regional level restrictions
Confirm entry requirements with the local embassy and airline
Apply for your Visa early to allow for delays in processing/appointment times
Ensure the destination's operating status and any rules in place, including any testing requirements
Travel Itinerary – Rules & Restrictions for:
Airline
☐ Airport
Public transportation, if applicable
Accommodations – reconfirm reservation within 24 hours of departure and any changes to rules and regulations
☐ Home/Onward Country restrictions
Entry restrictions and requirements (testing, proof of vaccination, or proof of recovery, exemptions and quarantine)
☐ City/Regional level restrictions (i.e. mask requirements)
☐ Confirm and collect all required documentation as needed, may include, but is not
limited to the following:
Proof of essential travel:
Letter from employer (at origination and destination, when possible)
☐ National Interest Exception, when applicable
Proper insurance coverage



Proof of a negative COVID-19 test (required time frame and type of test varies
by country)
Traveler health forms - these vary by country and can almost always be filled
out online. Countries differ on when this should be submitted, some require
approval before entering.
Proof of vaccination, when applicable – ensure the type and manufacturer of
the vaccine is accepted in your arrival country

Additional Resources

- <u>Re-open EU</u>, developed by the European Commission, provides reopening measures and restrictions for EU member states. Offers links to official country COVID-19 webpages.
- <u>IATA</u>, partnered with airlines and close bilateral relations with government agencies, provides travel regulations for countries around the world. Offers notifications for specific countries.
- <u>TravelBans</u> provides access to government measures and global travel restrictions. Offers email subscriptions to the country of your choice
- <u>Cathay Pacific</u> provides daily updates to government restrictions and exemptions
- <u>Politico</u> provides travel restrictions across Europe. Offers links to official country COVID-19 webpages.
- <u>Kayak</u> provides a list of U.S. State re-openings and restrictive measures. Offers links to official state COVID-19 webpages.
- <u>Kayak</u> provides a list of travel restrictions by country.
- <u>AAA COVID-19 Travel Restrictions</u> provides a GIS map that is updated daily with travel restrictions, opening status, border crossing closures, etc. for North America.
- <u>SkyTeam</u> partnered with TrustAssure™ to provide a tool to search for testing locations.

Airline	COVID-19 Updates	Travel Restrictions
<u>Delta Airlines</u>	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
American Airlines	Coronavirus Updates	Travel Restrictions
<u>United Airlines</u>	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
<u>Lufthansa</u>	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
Southwest Airlines	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
<u>Air Canada</u>	Coronavirus Updates	Travel Restrictions
<u>Air France</u>	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
British Airways	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
<u>Turkish Airlines</u>	Coronavirus Updates	<u>Travel Restrictions</u>
KLM	Coronavirus Updates	Travel Restrictions



Commonly Traveled Country Restrictions

This list is by no means exhaustive, but rather includes some of the more commonly traveled countries. Please let us know if we can look into any travel not covered here.

Country	Restrictions
Austria	Entry/Exit Restrictions: Austria is operating under the "3-G" Rule: All travelers arriving to Austria must show: Proof of vaccination Two-dose vaccinations are currently valid for 270 days after the second or any additional dose. There must be at least 14 days in between the first and second jab and 90 days between the second and third one. The Johnson & Johnson vaccination is valid for 270 days, 22 days after the first dose. BioNtech/Pfizer, AstraZeneca, Covishield, Covaxin, Covovax, Johnson & Johnson, Moderna, Nuvaxovid (Novavax),Sinovac, and Sinopharm are valid for ENTERING Austria. Please note: Only BioNtech/Pfizer, AstraZeneca, Johnson & Johnson, Moderna and Nuvaxovid (Novavax) are currently recognized for the "3-G" rule when in Austria. OR Proof of past infection You may enter Austria for 180 days after a SARS-CoV-2 infection. the medical document needs to show the date of recovery – for guests from the UK: an NHS email/text of a positive test is not sufficient OR a negative test. The PCR test is valid for 72 hours. The certificate needs to be issued by an official medical authority (such as a test center or a pharmacy) and include the date and time the test was taken. LFT/antigen tests are valid for 48 hours. Do-it-yourself kits are not recognized. Entering Austria without "3-G" Proof Pre-travel clearance is required when entering without "3-G" proof. If you travel to Austria without proof of vaccination/recovery or a negative test, you immediately have to self-isolate. As soon as you have a negative test, you can leave quarantine. Testing Locations: Please find information about testing here. Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Austria Internal Restrictions are in place (updated 13 December): For almost all public indoor and some outdoor spaces (hotels, restaurants, events etc.), you will need to show proof of vaccination (Covishield, Sinopharm and Sinovac are not accepted for entering any type of accommodation, restaurants, bars, nightclubs, leisure centers, gyms,
<u>Belgium</u>	Entry/Exit Restrictions: Non-essential journeys to Belgium are prohibited for people who are not nationals of one of the EU+ states and whose main residence is in a third country, except countries on the EU white list, or if they are vaccinated or traveling for essential purpose. Travelers must provide:



• A mandatory <u>passenger locator form</u> (PLF) is required for all travelers entering Belgium and staying at least 48 hours, within 48 hours prior to arrival.

Entry Exemptions:

- Fully vaccinated travelers
- Cross-border workers that cross the border at least once a week.
- Travelers who only transit by air and who remain exclusively in the transit zone without entering Belgian territory.
- People with critical roles in essential sectors.
- Non-vaccinated people, outside the EU+ and not included on the "white list", are
 not allowed to travel to Belgium, unless the purpose of their travel is "essential."
 Must carry an official authorization of essential travel, delivered by the diplomatic
 mission or the consular post of Belgium, or official documents confirming the
 essential nature of the trip.

Testing Locations: Testing locations in Belgium can be found here. **Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions:** A quarantine of 10 days depends on the region/country of origin.

- Arrivals from green or orange zones: with or without an EUDCC, are not subject to testing or quarantine requirements.
- All other vaccinated arrivals are not subject to testing or quarantine requirements
- Unvaccinated individuals must provide a negative COVID-19 PCR test result taken a maximum of <u>72 hours before arrival</u>, or negative COVID-19 rapid antigen test results, taken a maximum of <u>24 hours before arrival</u>.
- Visitors staying in Belgium for less than 48 hours do not have to go into quarantine. If quarantine is requested, it can be lifted to fulfill an essential function or to meet the essential need of the travel if this activity cannot be postponed.

Vaccine Exemptions: Vaccines requiring two doses should be administered in the same country. Pfizer/BioNTech, Moderna, AstraZeneca/Oxford, Janssen, and the Covishield vaccine are currently the only accepted vaccinations for travel to Belgium. Travelers from outside the EU+ and not included on the "white list" that are fully vaccinated people (for at least 2 weeks) who possess a vaccination certificate

Internal Restrictions: Face masks are mandatory in public places.

recognized by the Belgian government are allowed to travel to Belgium.

Beginning 7 March, no longer will anyone be required to present a valid COVID Certificate when accessing bars, restaurants, and cafes, among others. In addition, the current restrictions that apply for different events will also be lifted. Current as of 8 March

Brazil

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Foreign travelers must show proof of vaccination to enter the country.

Passengers are allowed to freely transit as long as they do not leave the international airport area and have a ticket for onward travel.

Passengers must provide:

- Fill out a health declaration form within 24 hours of departure
- provide a negative COVID-19 RT-PCR or antigen test result is required.
 - RT-PCR tests must be taken a maximum of 72 hours before the first leg to Brazil.
 - Antigen tests must be taken a maximum of 24 hours before the first leg to Brazil.
 - The test results must be in English, Spanish, or Portuguese.
- Proof of vaccination or meet one of the exemptions below

Testing Locations: Testing locations at São Paulo-Guarulhos International Airport can be found <u>here</u>.



Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Travelers exempt from proof of vaccination, upon entering Brazilian territory, must undergo quarantine for 14 days in the city of their final destination and at the address registered in the Traveler's Health Declaration. They may take a COVID-19 test on day 5 of quarantine and end quarantine with negative test results.

Vaccine Exemptions:

Fully Vaccinated: Vaccinated travelers must have a printed or electronic proof of vaccination, showing they received all vaccine doses required at least 14 days before travel. The Brazilian government currently accepts vaccines approved by the WHO or Anvisa. Vaccines accepted by Anvisa are Comirnaty (Pfizer/Wyeth), Coronavac (Butantan), Janssen Vaccine (Janssen-Cilag), Oxford/Covishield (Fiocruz e Astrazeneca), and Sputnik.

Entry is not permitted for unvaccinated travelers unless you meet one of the exemptions:

- Travelers who cannot be vaccinated for medical reasons;
- Humanitarian reasons, or travelers coming from countries with low vaccination coverage;
- Travelers with a health condition that contraindicates vaccination, certified by a doctor;
- Those not eligible for vaccination due to age according to the latest publishing on the Ministry of Health website;
- Brazilians and foreigners residing in Brazilian territory who are not fully vaccinated;
- Brazilians and foreigners residing in Brazil, who left the country until December 14, 2021, are exempt from presenting proof of vaccination or quarantine on return but they must have a pre-travel negative test result.

Internal Restrictions: Restrictions vary from city to city. The use of face masks in streets, public spaces such as parks, and on public transport including taxis is mandatory in some states. There may be additional local requirements for use of masks in other places, such as shops and gyms. Social isolation measures have been lifted to an extent in some parts of the country, but localized lockdowns continue to varying degrees. Failing to comply may result in a fine.

Current as of 8 March

Canada

Entry/Exit Restrictions: As of 15 January, some foreign national travelers who were previously allowed to enter Canada without being fully vaccinated will now be required to be fully vaccinated in order to enter Canada.

As of 21 December, all Canadians returning from short trips must take a molecular pre-entry test. The test can't be taken in Canada before you leave. Those who qualify for the fully vaccinated traveler exemption can enter Canada for discretionary (non-essential) travel:

- Final dose of vaccine must be completed at least 14 days prior to entry and proof of vaccination submitted to ArriveCan and may be required to report daily during their stay.
 - Accepted vaccines: Pfizer/BioNTech, Moderna, AstraZeneca and Johnson & Johnson
- Fully vaccinated travelers will not need a post-arrival test unless they have been randomly selected at the port of entry to complete a COVID-19 molecular test
- All travelers coming into Canada, regardless of vaccine status, will need a negative PCR or molecular test within 72 hours of entry (Rapid antigen tests aren't accepted) OR proof of a previous positive test result taken between 14 and 180 days.



Fully vaccinated travelers who have been in any country other than Canada and the United States in the 14 days may be selected for arrival testing must quarantine in a suitable place until they receive a negative test result.

The final determination of entry will be made by an official at the port of entry. All Travelers must:

- Use <u>ArriveCan</u> before boarding a flight to Canada to submit travel and contact information, quarantine plan, and COVID-19 self-assessment.
- Report daily during the stay.
- All travelers crossing the land border will be required to provide proof of a negative COVID-19 molecular test result taken in the US within 72 hours of arrival or a positive test taken 10 to 180 days prior to arrival or a negative antigen test within 24 hours of arrival.
- Travelers by air, 5 years or older, will be randomly selected to take a COVID-19 molecular test when they arrive in Canada before exiting the airport

Entry restrictions and requirements may vary by Province:

Alberta, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia Entry Exemptions: Essential Business. Individuals that install, inspect, repair or maintain equipment to support critical infrastructure. Exemption will be validated for each entry. Temporary workers arriving from anywhere, must prove they are listed as being exempted from travel restrictions; are traveling for a non-discretionary (essential) purpose; are not presenting signs or symptoms of COVID-19; and have a plan to quarantine for 14 days, unless exempted.

As of November 30, 2021, all exempt essential service providers will be required to identify their vaccination status in ArriveCAN, regardless of whether or not they are allowed to enter as unvaccinated.

Foreign nationals who have obtained an exemption to enter Canada, will be refused entry, if they do not have a valid COVID-19 molecular test result.

Testing Locations:

- At some arrival airports and at land borders- here
- Other locations may be found- here

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Travelers are subject to <u>mandatory</u> self-quarantine for 14 days, with the exception of essential employees (medical staff or employees in the trade, transportation or critical infrastructure sectors). Border control agents determine an individual's eligibility for entry and/or exemptions. A molecular test must be taken on day 8 of the 14-day quarantine period.

Vaccine Exemptions:

To be considered fully vaccinated, you must:

- Be eligible to enter Canada. Visit this <u>website</u> to determine your eligibility.
- Have received the full series of an accepted COVID-19 vaccine or a combination of accepted vaccines: Pfizer-BioNTech, Moderna, AstraZeneca/COVISHIELD, Janssen (Johnson & Johnson) - single dose. As of 30 November: Sinopharm, Sinovac and COVAXIN will be added to the list of accepted vaccines.
- Have received your last dose at least 14 days prior to the day you enter Canada
- Upload your proof of vaccination in ArriveCAN

Internal Restrictions: Masks may be mandatory in public spaces.

Current as of 8 March

China

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Prior to entry to China travelers must:

- Apply for a visa:
 - Foreign nationals involved in essential activities may apply for visas at Chinese embassies or consulates.
 - Holders of valid residence permits attached to work, personal matters and reunion can re-enter China.

- Holders of expired residence permits can apply for a new one. You should check the eligibility of your visa with a Chinese Embassy or Consulate before booking travel.
- Submit a Health Declaration Form, a certificate of a negative COVID-19 test and an IgM antibody test taken within 48 hours of departing for China (specified as a 'nucleic acid' test by Chinese authorities) and submit the results to their local Chinese Embassy/Consulate
 - Passengers who are transiting another country for a connecting flight must take both tests a second time in their last transit country within 48 hours before boarding the plane to China. Passengers must apply from the Chinese Embassies/Consulates in BOTH countries (the U.S. and the last transit country) for green health codes with the "HS" mark or certified health declaration forms with their certificates of negative results of both tests.
 - <u>List of countries</u> where China-bound passengers are required to show a negative COVID-19 test before boarding.
 - Updated 5 January 2022, changes to take effect for travel starting on 13 January 2022: Notice on China-bound foreign passengers' application for health codes. Includes responsible diplomatic mission assignments in the U.S. depending on departure city and extensive details on testing requirements starting 7 days before departure up to a final test 48 hours before departure.
 - Travelers from the U.S. will have to present tests from specific laboratories. Consulates will publish their lists separately.
- Apply for a green health code with the "HS" mark or a certified health declaration form (after testing). Foreign passengers can apply for the QR code by logging on to the official website. (Includes U.S. travelers)
- Travelers from countries designated as high-risk may only enter if they are fully
 vaccinated Hong Kong residents, and then must quarantine for 14 days and take 6
 tests. Following quarantine, individuals must continue to self-monitor and
 undergo additional testing on specific days. A list of the location risk levels and
 quarantine and testing requirements for Hong Kong can be found here.

Non-compliance can result in prison.

Entry Exemptions: Foreign travelers who provide essential services and holders of valid residence permits

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions:

- All travelers who enter China are screened upon arrival and subject to a 7-14-day quarantine.
- Restrictions regarding domestic travel tightened slightly due to increased cases; local quarantine requirements can vary significantly between cities, and regulations can change very quickly.
- All international arrivals should be prepared to complete quarantine at a government-selected facility or hotel at their own expense, with no control over the amenities, even if they maintain a residence in China.
- Foreign visitors may also be required to install and use location tracking software on their phones in order to access public spaces and some businesses.
- Please consult local authorities on specific quarantine requirements.

Vaccine Exemptions: China accepts U.S. travelers inoculated with American-made vaccines (Pfizer, Moderna, and Johnson & Johnson). Passengers must get all the required shots before their trip to China. China-bound passengers are also required to provide positive IgM antibody test results as well as negative nucleic acid test results. Internal Restrictions: Vary by province and city and can occur at a moment's notice, although current measures in Hong Kong have been extended to 3 February with extensions likely. Flights (both domestic and international) are very limited and experience delays or cancellations. Public transport operators in most major cities also

require passengers to share health code information before boarding mass transit. Officials also require facemasks on public transport. Local officials continue to impose travel, business, and gathering controls in multiple areas with COVID-19 cases.

- As of 28 January, enhanced controls are reported in parts of Beijing, in Shanghai's
 Fengxian district and in parts of Hangzhou, Zhejiang province as well as Hebei
 province. It appears officials in Tianjin are still imposing tighter restrictions as
 well.
- As of 31 January, officials report a downgrade of restrictions in Shenzhen, Guangdong province, Zhuhai, Guangdong province, and Zhengzhou, Henan province. Officials <u>report</u> that restrictions in Xi'an have been partially lifted in communities designated as lower risk.

Current as of 8 March

Czech Republic

Entry/Exit Restrictions: The conditions of entry and services in the Czech Republic are gradually easing:

- All travelers will be required to fill out the <u>Passenger Locator Form</u> (Arrival Form).
- Travelers must:
 - Have a valid digital EU COVID certificate (valid 14-270 days after completion of vaccination; the booster extends this period) OR
 - Have proof of recovery from Covid-19 valid from 11-180 days after a positive test OR
 - Arrivals from EU countries: may have a confirmation of negative PCR test or negative antigen (RAT) test before arrival
 - PCR tests are valid up to 72 hours before the trip and RAT are valid up to 24 hours
 - Arrivals from outside the EU: may have a confirmation of negative PCR test before arrival + undergo PCR test after arrival between the 5th and 7th day of stay
- The classification of countries into color categories of the so-called traffic light is still maintained. If the arriving person does not hold a COVID certificate of performed or completed vaccination (recognized by the EU) or a certificate of past disease COVID-19, he must undergo an RT-PCR test within 5 to 7 days of entry into the Czech Republic.
- Everyone is required to wear a respirator indoors or in crowded outdoor areas **Entry Exemptions:** UK citizens that have been fully vaccinated under the UK government's vaccination program at least 14 days prior to travel are able to enter the Czech Republic for any reason, including tourism, without needing to isolate or take a pre-departure PCR test.

Testing Locations: Testing appointments for antigen or RT-PCR can be found here. **Ouarantine/Testing Exemptions:**

Vaccine Exemptions:

Vaccination certificate is valid 14 days after the end of the vaccination period of 270 days, but may be extended by a booster.

Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Czech Republic

<u>Internal Restrictions:</u> Everyone is required to wear a respirator indoors or in crowded outdoor areas. Proof of vaccination or an arrival form may be required to enter business or receive services.

Current as of 8 March

Finland

Entry/Exit Restrictions: When you arrive in Finland, both general entry requirements under government decisions and the requirements of the <u>Communicable Diseases Act</u> and its <u>temporary amendments</u> apply to you.



All arrivals are required to submit a negative PCR or antigen test taken no more than 48 hours prior to arrival.

Entry from <u>ALL</u> countries is only possible if you meet one of the following:

- A certificate of a complete and valid vaccination series (either one or two doses depending on the vaccine) AND at least 7 days must have passed since the last vaccine dose has been received
- A single certificate that the person has recovered from COVID-19 virus and has gotten one dose of vaccine. It is equated to a complete COVID-19 vaccination series
- EU digital COVID certificate that proves the person has recovered from COVID-19 within 6 months (this applies only to citizens and permanent residents of EU and Schengen countries)
- Meet an entry exemption below (the essential reason for traveling is evaluated case by case during border controls carried out by the Finnish Border Guard)
 Health Authorities may have passengers undergo additional testing or recommend distancing from other people.

Entry Exemptions: Exemptions are based on the country's category:

- All other countries
 - Work that is significant for the functioning of society or supply security, the implementation of which requires the work performance of a person or persons coming from another country and the work cannot be delayed
 - Transport and logistics personnel during assignments
 - Persons traveling with a residence permit in Finland

Testing Locations: <u>Testing</u> can be scheduled in Finland.

Vaccine Exemptions: Persons who have received a complete and <u>valid vaccination</u> series may be granted entry into Finland from any country, provided that at least 7 days have passed since the last vaccine dose has been received.

<u>Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Finland</u> <u>Internal Restrictions</u> are currently in place in each region.

Current as of 9 March

France

Entry/Exit Restrictions: As of 12 February, vaccinated travelers from any country are no longer required to provide a negative pre-departure test result. Unvaccinated travelers must have a <u>compelling reason</u> for travel.

If arriving from a country that is:

- Green:
 - Vaccinated: No quarantine or arrival testing required.
 - Unvaccinated: Negative PCR taken within 72 hours of arrival or negative antigen test taken within 48 hours of arrival
- Orange:
 - Vaccinated: No quarantine or arrival testing required.
 - Must fill out a sworn statement attesting to the absence of symptoms
 - Unvaccinated: must have pressing grounds for travel, testing required within 48 hours of departure. All travelers may be screened upon arrival. If positive, then isolation will be required.
 - Must fill out a sworn statement attesting to the absence of symptoms and contact with any known positive cases

A <u>travel certificate and a declaration</u> if no COVID-19 symptoms must be completed and carried.

Entry Exemptions: List of compelling reasons

Testing Locations: COVID-19 testing can be scheduled <u>here.</u>

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions:



Unvaccinated travelers who test positive during random on-arrival screening may be required to quarantine

Vaccine Exemptions: Effective 14 February, those who are vaccinated are able to enter France.

The vaccines recognized by the EMA are Pfizer, Moderna, AstraZeneca, and Johnson & Johnson. Proof of vaccination is only valid provided that it attests to complete vaccinations:

- 7 days after the second shot for two-dose vaccines (Pfizer, Moderna, AstraZeneca)
- 4 weeks after the shot for single-dose vaccines (Johnson & Johnson)
- As of 1 February, in order to continue to be considered as fully vaccinated, persons aged eighteen and one month or over must have received a booster within 9 months following the injection of the last required dose.
 - o Boosters must be completed within 7 days before entering France.

Beginning 15 December, people over the age of 65 will now have to get a booster shot to remain eligible for a vaccine passport needed to gain access to restaurants, museums, long-distance trains and other public places.

From 24 January 2022, the "pass vaccinal" (vaccine pass) will enter into force, replacing the "pass sanitaire" for people aged 16 and over. Only proof of vaccination can be used in order to issue a "pass vaccinal"; proof of a negative test result will no longer be accepted.

- France will accept the UK's proof of COVID-19 recovery and vaccination record. If
 you are traveling with a printed PDF proof of vaccination status, it must date from
 1 November or after to ensure that the certificate can be scanned successfully, if
 domestic certification is required.
 - Those vaccinated in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland can also choose to scan and save the NHS QR code into France's "TousAntiCOVID" app..
- Other COVID status certification that conforms with the EU Digital COVID
 Certification scheme (e.g. from other EU member states) can also be used for entry
 into settings where there is a COVID status certification requirement in France.
- Fully vaccinated travelers who have been vaccinated outside of the EU can request a certificate of vaccine equivalence. The request for a certificate of vaccine equivalence can be made directly at the pharmacy. A booster shot may be required for travelers who originally received Sinovac/Coronavac or Sinopharm/BBIB-PVeroCells. Check the source for more details.
 - o The cost of the certificate is €36. Travelers aged between 18 to 65, must provide proof of a booster dose between 5 to 7 months after their last dose to keep their COVID certificate active.
 - Must carry a hard copy of your vaccination certificate.

Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in France

Internal restrictions in place and re-evaluated every 15 days (27 October). You can apply for a French Health Pass (Pass Sanitaire) by visiting a local French pharmacy and presenting your passport and vaccination card (with proof of FULL vaccination). Upon verification, the pharmacy will issue you a health pass. Next, download the app TousAntiCOVID. You can store your health pass in this app indefinitely.

Alternatively, if you are in France or coming to France imminently and need a health pass, rapid antigen tests conducted in France (available on a walk-in basis at local pharmacies) serve as a health pass valid for 72 hours.

<u>Public spaces and services:</u> On 28 February, the mask is no longer compulsory in closed places subject to the "vaccination pass". The wearing of the mask indoors remains in transport and closed places not subject to the vaccination pass.



Beginning 14 March, covid-19 health restrictions will no longer be required at French businesses and the vaccine pass requirement is lifted and masks will no longer be required in indoor public places. Masks will remain compulsory on public transport. Current as of 8 March

Germany

Entry/Exit Restrictions: As of March 3, all countries are removed from the high-risk category, easing entry requirements for many travelers.

The German government restricted air and sea travel into the country at its external Schengen borders, except for travel from countries on its designated <u>travel corridor list</u>. As of 23 December, every person over the age of six is obliged to carry proof of their COVID-19 status when entering Germany.

- Persons must have a negative test result (antigen or PCR no more than 48 hours old) or proof of recovery or vaccination when entering Germany.
- If entering Germany with a carrier (e.g. an airline), PCR tests may be taken a maximum of 48 hours before the (scheduled) start of the journey (e.g. departure time). Antigen tests must not be taken more than 48 hours before the (scheduled) time of arrival in Germany even if travelers are being transported by a carrier.

Upon entering Germany, travelers must hold proof of the following:

- Following a stay in an area of variant of concern in the last 10 days: a negative COVID-19 test result. Proof of a full COVID-19 vaccination OR proof of recovery from an infection is <u>NOT</u> sufficient; a negative COVID-19 test result is also required
 - Exemptions apply in particular to persons who have passed through a high incidence area without a stopover, or those passing through Germany via the fastest route available.
- For arrivals by air without prior stays in high incidence areas or areas of variant of concern: a negative COVID-19 test result, proof of a full COVID-19 vaccination OR proof of recovery from an infection. This proof must be held prior to entering the country, and must be presented to the airline before departure.
- Unvaccinated: Following a stay in a risk area (not an area of variant of concern or a
 high incidence area) and entry by land or sea (e.g. by car or ship): a negative
 COVID-19 test result or proof of vaccination or recovery from an infection. This
 proof must be presented no later than 48 hours after entry.

All travelers to Germany must <u>register online</u> prior to their entry to determine if they have stayed in a risk area within the last 10 days.

Entry Exemptions: Skilled and highly qualified foreign workers if their employment is necessary from an economic perspective and the work cannot be postponed or performed abroad, staff of international organizations,

Testing Locations: Most international airports in Germany have testing options available to travelers.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Travelers entering Germany who have been in a risk area identified on the Robert Koch Institute website at any time within the last 10 days prior to entry, may undergo a mandatory quarantine

<u>Vaccine Exemptions:</u> Vaccinated travelers, as well as those who have fully recovered from the COVID-19, may skip testing and quarantine requirements as long as they have not been to a high-risk location in the previous 10 days.

Travelers who received all the required doses of a COVID-19 vaccine cited on the website of the Paul Ehrlich Institute are considered fully vaccinated. Currently accepted vaccines include: Pfizer, Moderna, Janssen, AstraZeneca.

Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Germany

Internal Restrictions: From March 4, the COVID-pass requirement will be eased for certain establishments; individuals will be able to enter catering establishments with a certificate of vaccination, recovery, or a recent negative test.

Current as of 9 March



India

Entry/Exit Restrictions: India to lift the ban on international commercial flights effective March 27.

All travelers should:

- Submit self-declaration form on the online <u>Air Suvidha portal</u> before the scheduled travel
- Upload a negative COVID-19 RT-PCR report (unvaccinated only). This test should have been conducted within 72 hrs prior to departure
- If fully vaccinated, upload proof of vaccination to the Air Suvidha portal.
- Each passenger shall also submit a declaration with respect to authenticity of the report and will be liable for criminal prosecution, if found otherwise

Entry Exemptions: Foreign businessmen coming to India on a Business Visa, Foreign Healthcare professionals, health researchers, engineers and technicians, Foreign Engineering, Managerial, Design or other Specialists.

Testing Locations: Testing locations can be found <u>here</u>.

Vaccine Exemptions:

- If partially/not vaccinated: The travelers need to undertake the following measures:
 - Submission of sample for post-arrival COVID-19 test* at the point of arrival after which they will be allowed to leave the airport,

Internal Restrictions: Facemask mandates, capacity limits for public venues and transport, as well as a ban on large gatherings, are underway in almost all states. Officials in some states continue to impose overnight curfews, as well as suspend educational institutions, sports facilities, recreational venues, religious sites, and tourist spots. Multiple states also allow only those with proof of vaccination to enter nonessential public venues and use public transport. Several states are mandating fines for violators of social distancing rules, though poor adherence and enforcement levels are reported.

Current as of 9 March

Indonesia

Entry/Exit Restrictions:

- The Indonesian government has prohibited foreign visitors from transiting and traveling to Indonesian Territory unless they are in possession of a valid residence permit until an undetermined time.
- Countries whose citizens can apply for a tourist visit visa (updated 26 Jan)
- Residents/foreigners who have a travel history in these countries in the past 14 days are temporarily not allowed to enter Indonesia or apply for a visa.
- Visa-free and visa-on-arrival entry for all foreign travelers, including U.S. citizens, remains suspended. (Can be extended as needed).
- Travelers permitted entry are required to obtain a negative COVID-19 PCR test within 48-hours of their departure and present it to the Indonesian health authorities
- International travelers entering Indonesia will be required to show proof (a physical or digital vaccination card) of <u>full</u> vaccination against COVID-19.
- Visit <u>Indonesian Immigration</u> and the <u>Indonesian Embassy</u> for updated visa and entry requirements as regulations may change frequently.
- Beginning 24 January, a travel bubble between Singapore and Malaysia opened up specifically allowing quarantine-free travel from Singapore to Nongsa in Batam and Lagoi in Bintan.
- Leisure travel is now permitted, via arrivals exclusively to Bali or the port of Riau Island. (updated 9 Feb)

Entry Exemptions: Foreign nationals with limited (KITAS) and permanent stay (KITAP) permits; Foreign nationals with diplomatic visa and working visa; Holders of diplomatic stay permits and business stay permits; Those working on medical and food assistance;

Transportation (air, sea, or land) crew; And foreign nationals working on national strategic projects.

International travelers allowed to enter Indonesia will be required to show:

- Proof of vaccination via the PeduliLindungi digital application.
 - Children under 12 years of age, when accompanied by their parents, are exempt from this requirement.
 - International travelers who cannot be vaccinated due to medical conditions are exempted from showing proof of vaccination against COVID-19 only with a doctor's note or supporting documentation.
- Proof of health insurance with a coverage value of at least US\$ 100,000 for the treatment of COVID-19
- Booking confirmation from an accommodation provider for the duration of stay in Indonesia
- In the event that the foreigner has not received the vaccine abroad, they will be vaccinated at the quarantine place upon arrival in Indonesia after the second RT-PCR examination with a negative result is carried out, with the following conditions:
 - o WNA aged 12 17 years;
 - Holders of diplomatic residence permits and official residence permits; and/or
 - Holders of a limited stay permit card (KITAS) and a permanent residence permit card (KITAP).

Testing Locations: Both the PCR swab tests and rapid antigen tests for COVID-19 are available at various hospitals and clinics throughout Indonesia. Results can be given over email. Rapid antigen test results are available within hours. The accuracy and reliability of the available testing in Indonesia may vary. Be aware that rapid antigen tests may not be accepted as evidence of negative COVID-19 status; updated requirements from Indonesian authorities specify PCR tests exclusively. **Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions:**

- As of February 3, 2022, Fully vaccinated travelers with booster must quarantine
 for three days. Fully vaccinated travelers without the booster must quarantine
 five days, and partially vaccinated travelers must quarantine for seven days.
 Families with young children who are not currently eligible for vaccinations must
 quarantine for seven days. All costs borne by the traveler.
- Two PCR tests will be administered: the first upon arrival and the second on the day prior to release from quarantine. If you test positive prior to release from quarantine, you may request a verification test through a prescribed list of labs.
- Indonesian regulations require that all travelers who test positive during hotel quarantine be removed from the primary quarantine hotel and be taken to a government-managed isolation facility.
- Travelers must remain for 10-14 days or until he/she receives two negative PCR tests, whichever is longer. Even if the traveler is asymptomatic there will be no release from the isolation facility without two negative PCR tests. The costs for the stay in the isolation facility are the responsibility of the traveler.
- If you receive a positive COVID-19 result and wish to have another independent test for confirmation, you can do so at your own expense by filling out a form at the Port Health Office or Ministry of Health offices. This independent COVID-19 test can be taken at Cipto Mangunkusumo hospital, Gatot Soebroto hospital, and Raden Said Sukanto Bhayangkara hospital.
- A 10-day quarantine with special supervision and protocols will be undertaken for foreign nationals arriving from these countries (including France) associated with Omicron-risk. Any request for discretion to the quarantine period must be submitted at least 7 x 24 hours before arrival.

- Omicron cases: Probable and confirmed cases of Omicron infection must be isolated in a hospital providing COVID-19 services. Close contacts of any probable or confirmed Omicron case must be quarantined for 10 days in a centralized quarantine facility.
- If you have questions about this policy, please refer to the government of Indonesia through one of its consulates or embassies.

Vaccine Exemptions: None at this time.

Internal Restrictions: Emergency public activity restrictions (PPKM) are in place until at least 14 March 2022.

Essential services are available, but many public facilities are closed. It is mandatory to wear a face mask when outside. Criminal sanctions, including deportation or large fines may apply for violations of the restrictions.

Negative COVID-19 tests are required for domestic flights. Additional testing requirements have been added for travel to, from and within the islands of Java and Bali, and there is always a possibility of additional locations being added to this list. Face masks and social distancing are mandatory in public. Many public areas require proof of vaccination to enter. Fines may apply if not complied with.

Current as or 5 Mar

Ireland

Entry/Exit Restrictions: From 6 March 2022, travelers to Ireland are **not** required to show proof of vaccination, proof of recovery or a negative PCR test result upon arrival.

Testing Locations: Information on testing at Dublin Airport can be found here. Testing needed while in Ireland can be found here.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: There are no post-arrival testing or quarantine requirements for travelers to Ireland.

Vaccine Exemptions: Proof of vaccination, proof of recovery, or a negative PCR test result is no longer required.

EU Travel Certificate in effect. <u>Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Ireland</u>; <u>EU Digital COVID Certificate in Ireland</u>
Current as of 8 March

Israel

Entry/Exit Restrictions: As of 1 March, entry is permitted to all travelers.

- All <u>arriving international passengers</u> (regardless of vaccination status) must:
 - Submit a PCR test within 72 hours of arrival to Israel or a rapid antigen test within 24 hours of air travel (may not be a home-test kit). Passengers must present the PCR test results to airline staff, to officials of the Immigration and Population Authority and to officials of the Ministry of Health at the airport. Note that boarding will be denied to COVID-19 confirmed cases.
 - Beginning 8 March, health insurance with coverage for the treatment of COVID is required to enter Israel.
 - Submit <u>an entry statement</u> within 48 hours prior to the scheduled departure time to Israel, preferably as close as possible to departure time.
 - Holders of a verifiable digital certificate will scan or upload their vaccination or recovery certificate to the incoming passenger form and receive a green pass before boarding the plane.
 - Those who do not have a verifiable digital certificate will declare the vaccines they received in the entry declaration form to Israel, and will also fill out a <u>declaration regarding the vaccines administered abroad</u>, to which they will attach the relevant documents, and will receive a green pass before boarding
 - After filling out the form, <u>you can pay in advance for the COVID-19 (PCR) tests</u>.
 Payment in advance is 80 NIS per person; the price at the airport is 115 NIS.



 All travelers arriving in Israel must go into isolation, regardless of their age including those considered vaccinated or recovered until receipt of a negative result on the PCR test performed upon entry to Israel or for 24 hours, whichever is earlier.

Entry Exemptions: Currently foreign nationals who meet certain exemptions will be permitted entry (includes "experts") and must apply for the exemption if they do not meet the vaccination eligibility requirements.

- Experts: the entry of essential experts with permits will be approved (subject to the recommendation of the relevant government ministry). The foreign expert's employer will submit the <u>online application</u> together with the recommendation of the relevant government ministry (health, economy, energy, transportation, etc.) that there is a need for the expert's entry.
 - The Foreign Workers Administration will issue an entry permit for an expert invited to Israel for a period of up to 45 days, together with the permit.
 - Other experts will be treated at the Office of the Population Administration as specified in the procedure.
 - The Ministry of Health will transmit the conditions for isolation to this population.
 - The "expert" will need to provide the following for the employer to submit: resume and relevant diplomas, degrees and certificates, indicating education, qualifications, experience, reputation and/or expertise. Documents that are not in Hebrew or English must be translated to Hebrew and notarized.

Testing Locations: Information regarding testing and testing locations in Israel can be found <u>here</u>.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: All travelers arriving in Israel must go into isolation, regardless of their age including those considered vaccinated or recovered until receipt of a negative result on the PCR test performed upon entry to Israel or for 24 hours, whichever is earlier.

Vaccine Exemptions: Foreigners are not eligible to enter unless permission is granted from the Exception Committee. If entry is granted, the following conditions need to be met to be considered vaccinated:

- Those who have been vaccinated with Pfizer, Moderna, Johnson & Johnson, AstraZeneca, Sinovac, SinoPharm, the Serum Institute of India:
 - Received two doses at least 14 days before entry into Israel (but not more than 180 days before departing Israel); **OR**
 - Received a booster dose at least 14 days before entry into Israel.
- Those vaccinated with Janssen (J&J) vaccine:
 - Received one dose at least 14 days before entry into Israel (but not more than 180 days before departing Israel).
 - Received a booster dose at least 14 days before entry into Israel.
- Holders of a <u>digital recovery certificate</u>, which is recognized by Israel, based on a
 positive result in a NAAT test (molecular test similar to PCR):
 - Those for whom at least 11 days have passed since the positive test by the day of their entry into Israel (but not more than 190 days before departing Israel).
 - Those who received at least one dose of the WHO-approved vaccines in addition to their recovery (there is no significance to the order of events)
- Beginning 1 December, Israel will recognize the Sputnik-V vaccine. However, persons who have received this vaccine will be required to take a serology test (antibody test) in Israel and get a positive result

Internal Restrictions: <u>"Happy Pass" system</u>. Israelis will no longer be required to show their Green Passes, which show proof of vaccination or a recent negative COVID-19 test, at restaurants, movie theaters, gyms and hotels.

Current as of 8 March

<u>Italy</u>

Entry/Exit Restrictions: A new ordinance is in effect as of 1 March. Provided that no COVID-19 symptoms arise, entry is allowed under the following conditions:

- Passengers must complete a <u>Digital Passenger Locator Form</u>
- Passengers entering or transiting through Italy must provide one of the following:
 - A negative COVID-19 antigen test taken at most 48 hours before arrival; or
 - A negative COVID-19 LAMP, NAAT, PCR, RNA, RT-PCR or TMA test taken at most 72 hours before arrival: or
 - A vaccination certificate showing that they were fully vaccinated at least 14 days and at most 270 days before arrival, or
 - A vaccination certificate showing that they were fully vaccinated and received a booster dose.
 - None of the above-listed requirements apply to passengers arriving from San Marino or Vatican City.
 - Those traveling to Puglia must complete an additional <u>health declaration form</u> upon arrival.

Entry Exemptions: Work, health reasons, absolute urgency, of study, return to your home, home or residence.

• Exemption from pre-entry swab test, from self-isolation and the swab test at the end of self-isolation: anyone entering Italy for a period not exceeding one hundred and twenty hours (five days) for proven necessity due to work, health or absolute emergency, with the obligation, upon expiry of said term, either to immediately leave the country or to start a 5-day period of monitoring and self-quarantine and, at the end of said period, to take a molecular or antigen swab test

Testing Locations: Information regarding testing and testing locations in Italy can be found here

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Unvaccinated travelers, who have traveled to the UK or US in the previous 14 days, must self-isolate upon arrival for 5 days, and submit to a test after the 5 days. More details here.

Vaccine Exemptions: <u>EU Travel certificate holders</u>, travelers arriving from the EU, Schengen, the US, Canada, Japan or Israel with negative test results or proof of vaccination, will not be required to quarantine.

Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Italy

Internal Restrictions: Regions are currently being classified with a color system and have the authority to restrict travelers from entering, regardless of entry to the country. Indicators for the color system can be found in Italian on this chart. Face masks are required in public.

On 1 February, the validity period of Italy's Super/Enhanced green pass decreased from nine to six months from the date of the last vaccination. Fully vaccinated travelers with a third dose or proof of recovery from COVID-19 in the past 6 months are eligible for the Super/Enhanced Green Pass.

- Only this type of pass will allow for overnight hotel stays.
- Vaccination certificates after the third dose of vaccine must be issued a minimum of 14 days before travel.

In Italy, you must be able to demonstrate vaccination against COVID-19 with an EMA-approved vaccine. US citizens may present their CDC card issued by their vaccination site; it must display the full vaccination course completed within the previous 6 months. Alternatively, you can provide a negative molecular PCR or rapid antigen test result taken within 48 hours before entering a restaurant/museum etc. or a medical certificate issued by competent US authorities confirming recovery from COVID within the previous 6 months. Certificates are accepted in Italian, English, Spanish or French and can be digital or printed.

- Beginning 6 December, Italy will ban all unvaccinated individuals from cinemas, theaters, gyms, nightclubs, ski-lifts, and stadiums, as well as indoor seating at bars and restaurants. Known as the "Super Green Pass", individuals must prove they have either been vaccinated, or recovered from COVID in order to access the aforementioned venues.
- Beginning 6 December, individuals must show proof of vaccination, recovery from COVID, or a negative test taken within the previous 48 hours in order to access public transportation such as buses and trains.
- Beginning 25 December, effective through 31 March 2022, a super GreenPass is required for all bar and restaurant service, to include counter service. Face masks are required in outdoor spaces, and in some venues such as cinemas, a FFP2 mask is required.
- Beginning 10 January, the "Super" Green Pass requirement will be extended to the following venues: Indoor swimming pools, wellness centers, gyms, team sports facilities, spas (except those for rehabilitation purposes), museums, theme parks, indoor cultural and recreational centers, game rooms, and casinos.

Current as of 9 March

lapan

Entry/Exit Restrictions: The following rules for entry apply:

- Enhanced entry restrictions expected to remain in effect until the end of February.
- From 1 March 2022, foreign nationals (including British nationals) with Status of Residence who have a valid re-entry permit, are in principle allowed to re-enter the country.
 - If you do not have these you may apply for a visa to enter Japan for business, study or purposes other than tourism.
 - However, you should note that the visa waiver system has been suspended and the visa application must be started by the sponsor in Japan.
 - Those without a valid visa or re-entry permit will be denied entry.
- Foreign nationals who have stayed in any of the following <u>countries/regions</u> within 14 days prior to the application for landing are denied entry unless special exceptional circumstances are found.
 - Note that foreigners (from the countries and regions where the entry bans do not apply) are not denied entry even when they arrive in Japan via those countries or regions, which are subject to denial of permission to entry, for refueling or transit purposes.
 - Those who <u>entered</u> those countries or regions will, however, be subject to the entry ban.
- All travelers inbound to Japan, regardless of age, must receive a negative PCR test within 72 hours of departure of the international leg of their trip. Domestic travel prior to the international flight is NOT counted within the 72 hours. These tests must be presented in the prescribed format and must comply with very strict requirements. The terms "nasopharyngeal" or "saliva" must be listed as the sample collection method. For information, please see the Ministry of Foreign Affairs website. Failure to complete the prescribed form as required by the Ministry of Health, Labor, and Welfare may result in being denied entry to Japan.
- All inbound travelers will also need to provide written assurance from their company or sponsor that quarantine measures will be followed upon arrival. Contact your nearest Japanese Embassy for more information.

Entry Exemptions: Please contact your local embassy if you believe you qualify for an exemption to the current entry restrictions.

Testing Locations: By prefecture and airport, link.



<u>Quarantine Requirements</u>/Exemptions: As of 1 March 2022, all cross-border travelers and returnees from countries/regions where the B.1.1.529 Omicron variant becomes dominant are required to:

- Self-quarantine in places such as their own residence or accommodations after their entry into Japan
- Follow-up checks conducted by the Health Monitoring Center for Overseas Entrants (HCO)
- Refrain from using public transportation for 7 days.
- In addition, based on whether they enter/return from countries/regions of 3-days quarantine at specific facilities designated by the chief of the quarantine station, and they obtain a valid COVID-19 vaccination certificate the measures may be relaxed.
- Visit "Quarantine Requirements" link above to check updated quarantine period and other measures
- Location of quarantine and testing requirements vary depending on the country from which you traveled and which variant of COVID is most dominant.

The Government of Japan announced that foreign residents, including U.S. citizens, who are found to disregard quarantine instructions may have their residency status canceled and face deportation.

Vaccine Exemptions: See link above for details regarding fully vaccinated travelers. **Internal Restrictions:** A quasi-state-of-emergency has been reimplemented in prefectures seeing high new daily case numbers due to Omicron, effective through 20 February. Encouragement of social distancing, wearing masks in public, avoiding closed spaces, and other basic precautions remain in place. Controls may be further strengthened as necessary. You should follow the instructions of your local authority. Current as of 8 March

Malaysia

Entry/Exit Restrictions:

- All foreign nationals, with very limited exceptions, are restricted from entry to Malaysia. Travelers must have formal written approval from the Malaysian Government before attempting to enter Malaysia through the <u>My Travel Pass</u> program, OR
- Possess specific categories of valid long-term travel passes before attempting to enter Malaysia (note that requirements may differ for pre-approved <u>Short Term</u> <u>Business Travelers</u> and participants in the <u>Langkawi Island International Tourism</u> <u>Pilot Project</u> and <u>Singapore Vaccinated Travel Lane</u>).
- Effective December 27, 2021, all travelers arriving at Kuala Lumpur International
 Airport must pay for their mandatory arrival COVID-19 test in advance online.
 Upon payment, you will receive a QR code that must be displayed on your mobile
 phone at arrival to be tested. The COVID-19 testing fee can no longer be paid in
 person at the airport via credit or debit card.
- VTL travelers who are short-term visitors (including business and official travelers) must purchase mandatory travel insurance with a minimum coverage of RM100,000 for COVID-19-related medical treatment and hospitalization costs.
 Travelers to Malaysia must carry with them an electronic or physical copy of their insurance policy to facilitate their entry into Malaysia.
 - o <u>Malaysia-Singapore VTL info</u> this is the only VTL offered at this time.
- Foreign nationals may spend up to 24 hours in transit through the international terminals of Malaysian airports as long as they are not required to pass through immigration while in transit. Note that this could change with little notice, please confirm before commencing travel.
- Travelers must submit negative results for a COVID-19 RT-PCR test within 48 hours of departure and provide proof of full vaccination. (as of 8 December 2021)

• My Travel Pass is an online platform which enables the public and relevant Government stakeholders, including Malaysian embassies abroad, to apply, process, monitor and track applications in real-time.

Entry Exemptions: Exempted travelers list.

Testing Locations: List of private hospitals and clinics. DoctorOnCall app/site with COVID-19 testing locations, ability to book appointments, order at-home tests and more.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Travelers permitted to enter Malaysia during MCO will be subject to rapid COVID-19 testing upon arrival and will be required to pay for the test.

- All travelers arriving to Malaysia must provide the results of a COVID-19 (RT-PCR) test taken within 48 hours of departure, quarantine at the assigned quarantine location for 5 days (fully vaccinated with booster), 7 days (fully vaccinated travelers) or 10 days (unvaccinated or partially vaccinated travelers), and, as of 8 December 2021, additional testing requirements for travelers will include a self-administered RTK-Ag test on the second, fourth and sixth day after their arrival, and a professionally-administered RTK-Ag test on the third and fifth day after arriving.
- Travelers will be required to download the MySejahtera application and will be issued a wristband for identification and monitoring by the authorities during their self-quarantine period.
- From 13 January 2022, if you are fully vaccinated and have recently been infected with COVID-19 (11-60 days before departure), you may be exempted from mandatory quarantine. A printed or digital copy of the laboratory test results will be required as evidence of infection. A COVID-19 test 2 days before departure is still required.
- If you are arriving from a high-risk country with high COVID-19 Omicron variant cases reported you will be required to wear a digital tracker throughout your quarantine. In addition, you must undertake a daily lateral flow/RTK-Ag self-test during quarantine.
- If you were hospitalized due to COVID-19 within 11-60 days before departure, you are also required to submit a fit to travel letter from the hospital.
- Business travelers approved to enter Malaysia for a period of 14 days or less will
 not be required to quarantine upon arrival. Additional details on the application
 and approval process are available from the <u>Malaysian Investment Development</u>
 Authority.
- Travelers must make a formal application for home quarantine by sending an email to the MOH Home Surveillance Order (HSO) team at hso@moh.gov.my at least 7-10 days prior to travel to request home quarantine, including the following documents.
 - Travel itinerary/tickets
 - U.S. passport
 - Malaysian visa/pass
 - o Vaccine card
 - Residential address in Malaysia (where the traveler will quarantine)
 - PCR test results (send as a follow up email within three days of scheduled travel)
 - Home quarantine application form (available on MOH Facebook page)
- Travelers must print the home quarantine pre-approval notice and present it upon arrival to Malaysia.

Vaccine Exemptions: As of August 10, fully vaccinated Malaysians and foreigners who have a residence in Malaysia, including permanent residents and MM2H visa holders, returning from overseas may serve their quarantine at home with pre-approval from

the Ministry of Health (MOH)(see above), subject to strict requirements including mandatory electronic monitoring. <u>Note: full vaccination does not guarantee home quarantine will be approved.</u>

Internal Restrictions: Masks are mandatory in crowded areas and on public transportation. Failure to comply could result in a fine or even jail time.

- National Recovery Plan (NRP) see link for current Phase for each state
- Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) are available in English on the National Recovery Plan website. Fully vaccinated individuals who can demonstrate their vaccination status in the MySejahtera are subject to relaxed restrictions under the National Recovery Plan.
- In addition to the restrictions of the National Recovery Plan, a number of locations throughout Malaysia are also subject to strict Enhanced Movement Control Orders (EMCOs) of varying durations. The Ministry of Health maintains a <u>full list</u> of all locations under EMCOs, sorted by state.
- Additional travel restrictions may apply for travel to the East Malaysian states of Sabah and Sarawak, which have local autonomy over immigration at domestic and international ports of entry.

Current as of 8 March

Mexico

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Since 8 November 2021, the US-Mexico border is open for non-essential travel. Check Mexican <u>states</u> for the latest coronavirus information. Beginning 8 November, those who are fully vaccinated will be permitted entry across the land border to the United States

To enter Mexico travelers should:

- Carry evidence of the essential nature of their visit.
- Air passengers must register on the <u>Mexico Vuela Seguro Platform</u> before boarding and to show the QR code upon arrival at the airport.
- Land travelers must stop at a National Institute of Immigration (Instituto Nacional de Migraciòn INM) office at the port of entry to obtain an entry permit (Forma Migratoria Multiple FMM).
 - The permit is free for stays less than 7 days.
 - Airline passengers will be provided the form and the cost is included in the airfare.
- A temporary import vehicle permit may be required for certain travelers.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Passengers and aircrew members arriving at Mexican airports may be subject to health screenings including temperature checks. Those exhibiting symptoms may be subject to additional health screening and/or quarantine. Those entering by land borders can expect health screening including temperature checks. May be denied entry if showing symptoms.

Vaccine Exemptions: Beginning 8 November, fully vaccinated travelers may enter the US through land air POEs for non-essential purposes. Vaccinated land entries will not require testing. Vaccinated air travelers must be tested within three days of departures, unvaccinated travelers will be required to show proof of a negative test within 24 hours.

Internal Restrictions: Curfews, business closures, mask mandates and other measures vary by <u>locality</u>.

Current as of 9 March

Netherlands

Entry/Exit Restrictions: All travelers must:

• Fill in a <u>health declaration</u> and carry it with you. Some airlines allow you to fill this out digitally when checking in.

Entry from EU/Schengen Area: Whether you are arriving from a safe country or a high risk country, **you must submit proof of a negative test result** – even if you can prove

vaccination and/or recovery. Even if you have proof of vaccination or recovery, do a self-test before meeting other people or going to work or school.

- Arriving from a <u>safe country</u>:
 - The <u>EU ban</u> does not apply.
- Arriving from a <u>high risk country</u>:
 - The EU ban applies, with exceptions

Entry from a Non-EU/Schengen Area (The UK is considered a Non-EU/Schengen Area): Whether you are arriving from a safe country or a high risk country, **you must submit proof of a negative test result** – even if you can prove vaccination and/or recovery. Even if you have proof of vaccination or recovery, do a self-test before meeting other people or going to work or school.

- Arriving from a <u>safe country</u>:
 - The EU ban does not apply.
- Arriving from a high risk country:
 - The EU ban applies, with exceptions.

Information regarding test requirements can be found here.

Entry Exemptions: List of Exemptions

Testing Locations: Testing information for the Netherlands can be found <a href="https://here.ncb/he

- Arriving from an EU/Schengen Country:
 - No quarantine is required if arriving from a safe or high-risk country.
- Arriving from a Non-EU/Schengen Country:
- No quarantine is required if arriving from a safe or high-risk country.
 Vaccine Exemptions: Beginning 8 February, the validity of the Dutch coronavirus entry pass (CTB) will be aligned with the International Digital COVID Certificate (EU DCC). The vaccination certificate is valid 270 days after completion of the full vaccination series. The recovery certificate is valid for up to 180 days after the positive test. The validity period for booster vaccination has not yet been determined. This applies to everyone.

If you are a resident of a country that is not on the list of safe countries and fully vaccinated (14 days after final dose), you can be exempted from the EU entry ban unless you are traveling from a country that has been designated as a very high-risk area due to the presence of a variant of concern. You must:

- Complete a <u>Vaccine Declaration COVID-19 Form</u>
- Proof of an approved vaccination by European Medicines Agency (EMA) or is on the emergency use listing of World Health Organization (WHO)

Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Netherlands

<u>Internal Restrictions</u> have been implemented in Netherlands to include but not limited to: (updated 26 January - valid until 8 March 2022)

- Wear a <u>face mask where this is required or advised</u>.
- People who test positive for coronavirus must <u>self-isolate</u>.
- All <u>indoor and outdoor public spaces</u> can open to the public from 05.00 to 22.00.

Current as of 9 March

Poland

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Any person who crosses the state border of the Republic of Poland by plane is obliged to fill in, prior to check-in, a Passenger Locator Form.

- Travelers from the EU+ and Turkey:
 - Regardless of their means of transport, are subject to a 7-day entry quarantine, unless they are fully vaccinated, they have recovered from a SARS-CoV-2 infection at most 6 months, they present a negative COVID-19 test result, confirmed by an EU Digital COVID Certificate or by another document in Polish or in English.

- The test must be performed at most 48 hours before the border is crossed, or are subject to other restrictions.
- Travelers subjected to quarantine will be able to undergo a RT-PCR or antigen test 48 hours after crossing the border; negative results of said test will mean exemption from the quarantine.
- Travelers from outside the EU+ or Turkey:
 - Travelers must present a negative COVID-19 test result that must not be older than 24 hours before arrival. The test can be taken at some airports in Poland - before the border check or 3 hours after arrival (counting from the border check).
 - You are exempt from quarantine if you have a negative antigen or PCR test AND meet one of the following conditions:
 - Full vaccination (14 days have passed since the last vaccination dose was administered (counted from the day following the last dose)),
 - You have recovered from SARS-CoV-2 no later than 6 months before the date of crossing the border of the Republic of Poland and
 - You have a document confirming that you have recovered from the disease, issued in Polish or English, including the EU COVID Certificate.

Entry Exemptions: <u>List of exemptions</u>

Testing Locations: A list of testing options in Poland can be found here.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: You are exempt from quarantine if you have a negative antigen or PCR test, have Full vaccination (14 days have passed since the last vaccination dose was administered (counted from the day following the last dose)), or have recovered from SARS-CoV-2 no later than 6 months before the date of crossing the border of the Republic of Poland and you have a document confirming that you have recovered from the disease, issued in Polish or English, including the EU COVID Certificate.

Vaccine Exemptions: As of 28 December, persons (from select countries) who have been vaccinated against COVID-19 are exempt from the obligatory quarantine (on the basis of a certificate confirming vaccination against COVID-19).

<u>Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Poland</u> <u>Internal Restrictions</u> have been implemented for all of Poland

Current as of 8 March

Romania

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Most existing measures (see below) no longer apply. Official documentation can be found here.

- Passenger Location Form (PLF) is no longer required to enter the country.
- COVID electronic certificate is no longer required to enter the country.
- Quarantine (at the entrance to Romania) is no longer applicable

Entry Exemptions: None

Testing Locations: A list of available testing locations can be found here

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: None

Vaccine Exemptions: None

Internal Restrictions: Masks are no longer required in public places. There are no longer restrictions on businesses or public spaces. Wearing a mask in public, avoiding crowded areas, and handwashing continues to be recommended.

Current as of 8 March

Current as or o March

South Korea

Entry/Exit Restrictions:

• From 20 January 2022, South Korea requires a test to be **taken** and a certificate of a negative result **issued** within 48 hours of departure.



- From 13-20 January 2022, a test must be **taken** within 72 hours of departure. (Prior to 13 January, the test must have been **issued** within 72 hours of departure.)
- All arrivals including children under 6, and regardless of nationality and length
 of stay are also required to be tested for coronavirus (COVID-19) within 24 hours
 after entering South Korea. If you are not a resident of South Korea, you will be
 taken for testing and must remain at the testing facility until a negative result has
 been secured.
- Downloading and responding to daily questions via a <u>Self-Diagnosis Mobile App</u> for 10 days. Passengers unable to download the mobile app must provide a valid phone number and address in Korea to facilitate daily health monitoring by local government officials.
- Travelers are allowed to transit through Korea (Rep.) for less than 24 hours without being subject to quarantine requirements.
 - All transit passengers will receive a temperature check on arrival in Korea.
 Symptomatic individuals will be subject to a COVID-19 test and hospitalization if found positive.

Due to COVID-19, only nationals of 49 countries/regions where <u>visa-free entry</u> into Korea is available and Priority Entry (Business) Persons from 63 visa-free entry suspended countries are able to apply for K-ETA from 01 September 2021.

- Visa-free foreign visitors need K-ETA approval in order to obtain the boarding pass and to enter the Republic of Korea. K-ETA is valid for multiple trips over a period of 2 years and the application fee is 10,000 KRW/person.
- K-ETA does not constitute an exemption from quarantine.
- Additional information on K-ETA can be found <u>here</u>

Entry Exemptions:

- South Korean citizens
- Permanent residents
- Spouses and direct family members
- Holders of a Korea Alien Registration Card, provided they have a Re-Entry Permit (except Diplomats A-1, Government Officials type A-2, A-3)
- From July 1, those who have completed overseas vaccinations can be exempted from quarantine when visiting their immediate family
- Those with a COVID-19 vaccination certificate stating that they received the vaccine in Korea (Rep.) at least 2 weeks before departure
- Some U.S. citizens traveling to South Korea for diplomatic, business, humanitarian, or academic reasons may be exempt from self-quarantine requirements but require a pre-approved waiver from your local Korean Embassy or Consulate prior to traveling.

Testing Locations: A list of available testing locations can be found here. The ROK government maintains a list (in Korean) of all testing centers, including private clinics. **Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions:** As of 3 December, all permitted inbound international travelers must quarantine for 7 days, regardless of vaccination status. If you have been fully vaccinated against COVID-19, you can apply for a 'quarantine exemption' which allows you to bypass quarantine when entering South Korea. The process of applying for a quarantine exemption varies depending on where you were vaccinated and the purpose of your travel.

- *Of Note* Most quarantine exemptions are currently suspended through early February to control the spread of the omicron variant, regardless of your nationality or vaccination status. If you arrive in South Korea without a valid quarantine exemption you will need to quarantine for 7 days.
- Even if you have a quarantine exemption, you will need to submit a negative PCR test taken within 48 hours of your departure (with some exceptions, see 'Testing

- on arrival' above). You will be taken to an airport testing center for your PCR test on arrival and will not be able to leave until the result has been received. You will need to do antigen tests on days three and five and a PCR test on day seven, and comply with active health monitoring through the Korean government app.
- Quarantine is mandatory if you do not have a quarantine exemption. Korean
 nationals and long-term foreign visitors with an Alien Registration Card and
 Korean residence may self-quarantine at home for 7 days. All other foreign
 short-term travelers must quarantine at a government-designated facility for 7
 days. Individuals are required to pay a daily charge of around 120,000KRW while
 in government quarantine facilities.
- If you test positive for COVID-19 on arrival, you must comply with self-quarantine and treatment instructions issued by the Korean authorities.
- Demonstrating your COVID-19 vaccination status: For the purposes of applying for an exemption from quarantine, check with the Embassy of the Republic of Korea in your country. Your appointment card from vaccination centers is not designed to be used as proof of vaccination and should not be used to demonstrate your vaccine status.
- Electronic certificates are not accepted. All PCR results, vaccination, and quarantine documents must also be printed.

Exemptions to Quarantine may also include:

• A1 or A2 visa holders;

Vaccine Exemptions: Travelers with a Korean government approved official vaccination certificate showing they have received two vaccine doses in South Korea more than 14 days before their departure from the country may be exempted from compulsory quarantine on their return. Those exempted will need to comply with active health monitoring through an app, undertake two compulsory COVID tests and limit some activities for 14 days.

Other countries may be able to apply for a quarantine exemption if they can prove their vaccination status through their local South Korean Embassy.

Internal Restrictions: Follow all <u>social distancing guidance</u> which is regionally-based. Current as of 8 March

Spain

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Effective February 1, 2022, U.S. citizens can travel from the United States to Spain on non-essential travel (such as tourism) if they show proof that they are fully vaccinated and have received the last required dose of their COVID-19 vaccine **no less than 14 days, and no more than 270 days (9 months)**, prior to arrival in Spain. If more than 270 days (9 months) have passed since receiving the last required dose of their COVID-19 vaccine, U.S. citizens must show proof of having received a booster shot at least 14 days prior to arrival in Spain.

Any third-country national may be subject to denial of entry, for reasons of public order or public health, if they do not meet the health control requirements for COVID-19 established by the Ministry of Health.

The following is required for permitted travelers:

- Fill out a <u>public health form</u> or use the free app Spain Travel Health (SpTH). Complete the form 48 hours before your trip. From this you must obtain a QR code, which you will present at boarding and at health controls upon your arrival in Spain.
- Submit to a temperature check.
- For tourism, proof of vaccination with the last dose administered at least 14 days prior to departure from a "safe country" (SEE BELOW)
- For essential travel, all travelers arriving from high-risk (expires 13 March) areas are required to provide a pre-departure negative COVID-19 test within 48 hours of arrival along with your SpTH QR code and either a vaccination (any vaccine

- authorized by the EMA European Medicines Agency or WHO administered >14 days prior to arrival in Spain will be accepted) or recovery certificate.
- Unvaccinated individuals must present a negative COVID-19 test result taken within 24 hours of departure. Accepted tests include Nucleic Acid Amplification Tests, NAAT, (PCR, TMA, LAMP, NEAR etc.) or Rapid antigen detection tests
- Proof of vaccinations, when applicable. (see below)
- Proof of recovery issued at least 11 days after the first positive NAAT or RAT, and
 up to a maximum of 180 days after the date of sampling, are accepted as valid.
 - o The RATs accepted are those authorized by the European Commission,
 - Passengers with a Recovery Certificate other than an EU Digital COVID Certificate or equivalent must also provide documentary proof of the diagnostic test from which the Recovery Certificate is derived.

If you travel from a HIGH RISK country (see link above for list of high risk countries), at the health controls on arrival in Spain you must present, regardless of vaccination or recovery status, your SpTH QR code together with a SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic test certificate, with a negative result.

Entry Exemptions: Travelers from EU member states, Schengen countries, Andorra, Monaco, The Vatican, San Marino may enter without restrictions, except if they appear on the risk list. See high risk list (linked above) for an updated list of third countries from which Spain permits entry without additional restrictions to travelers.

Testing Locations: Testing locations can be found here.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: No quarantine requirements are in place **Vaccine Exemptions:** Vaccinated travelers do not need to provide pre-departure testing. Passengers with an EU COVID Digital Certificate, as well as all travelers coming from <u>countries</u> not considered at risk, will obtain a "FAST CONTROL QR code" after completing the health control form before their departure.

Travelers arriving from an area of the EU/EEA NOT included on the list published by the Spanish Ministry of Health (updated every 15 days) are not subject to diagnostic tests, but must provide certificates of vaccination or immunity.

Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Spain

Internal restrictions <u>Regional governments</u> may implement restrictions, including entry and exit.

See link to <u>SpTH site, under continuous review</u> for other helpful information. Current as of 8 March

Switzerland

Entry/Exit Restrictions: As of 16 February, Switzerland's FOPH page addressing Entry Requirements is undergoing updates. According to a <u>Press Release</u>, Health-related measures for persons entering the country are to be lifted. It will no longer be necessary to provide proof of vaccination, recovery or a negative test or complete an entry form.

From 20 December, all persons entering Switzerland must:

- Fill out Entry Form no more than 48 hours prior to arrival
- If vaccinated:
 - No testing is required prior to arrival or upon entry.
- If not vaccinated:
 - Take a negative PCR Test no more than 72 hours prior to arrival or antigen test no more than 24 hours prior to arrival)
 - Take another PCR Test 4-7 days after entry.

If arriving from a <u>high risk</u> country and do not meet any of the above criteria or do not meet any of the exemptions then entry is not permitted at this time.

If arriving from a <u>variant of concern</u> country then:

• Those over age 16 must present a negative test result (rapid antigen or PCR test). This also applies to vaccinated and recovered persons.

- Everyone (also children) must complete the entry form and quarantine for 10 days. This also applies to vaccinated and recovered persons.
- Those entering Switzerland must report to the <u>cantonal authority</u> immediately.
- In addition, a PCR or rapid antigen test must be conducted between day 4 and 7 after entry. The cantonal authority must be informed of the result of the second test and the number of the entry form must be sent.

Entry Exemptions: You may be able to enter Switzerland if you meet one of the following (complete list):

- Entry by crew members of scheduled/charter flights and crew members on cargo, aerial work and air-ambulance flights, flights for maintenance checks, private flights (business, general aviation) carrying persons permitted entry
- Entry for business appointments that cannot be postponed or meetings that require personal presence; for example, to negotiate or sign a contract, business-related inspections, practical training courses or essential assignments

Testing Locations: Locations for testing can be found here.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Those arriving from a <u>variant of concern</u> country who have not been vaccinated or recovered must present a negative PCR test or rapid antigen test and go into quarantine for 10 days on entry.

Vaccine Exemptions: You will be regarded as vaccinated if you have been vaccinated with a vaccine that:

- Is authorized in Switzerland and has been administered in full in accordance with the FOPH recommendations;
- Is authorized by the <u>European Medicines Agency</u> for the European Union and has been administered in full in accordance with the requirements or recommendations of the country in which the vaccination was administered; or
- Is authorized under the <u>WHO</u> Emergency Use Listing and has been administered in full in accordance with the requirements or recommendations of the country in which the vaccination was administered.

From 17 February: Almost all INTERNAL measures lifted

From Thursday, 17 February, the following protective measures will be lifted throughout Switzerland:

- Mask requirement in shops, restaurants, as well as in other public settings (facilities, venues and events)
- Mask requirement in the workplace
- Access restrictions regulated by COVID certificate (3G, 2G and 2G+-rule) to facilities and venues such as cinemas, theaters and restaurants, as well as events
- Permit requirement for large-scale events
- Restrictions on private gatherings
- In agreement with the Federal Council, voluntary capacity restrictions in the retail sector and in cable cars and gondolas will be lifted.
- Isolation and mask requirements will remain in certain settings (public transport, etc.) until 31 March.

<u>Information on "EU Digital COVID Certificates" issued in Switzerland</u> <u>Internal Restrictions</u>

Current as of 9 March

Taiwan

Entry/Exit: Effective 19 May, non-Taiwan nationals <u>without</u> a valid Alien Resident Certificate (ARC) will be temporarily barred from entry.

- Taiwan currently allows foreign nationals who hold valid Alien Resident Certificates (ARCs) or special entry permits to enter Taiwan.
- From 7 March 2022, business travelers will be able to apply for a special entry permit to enter Taiwan. All foreign nationals will be required to have obtained the correct entry permissions and a visa before they arrive in Taiwan. Currently there

- is no set date for when these border measures will be lifted. Exceptions may be made for emergency or humanitarian reasons. You should contact your local Taipei Representative Office for further information.
- Beginning 4 January 2022, COVID-19 RT-PCR test results will be required to be issued within 2 days (48 hours) of the flight's departure time. Details here.
- Beginning 11 January: Travelers arriving in Taiwan on long-haul flights between the country and the Americas, Europe, the Middle East, New Zealand, and Australia will be required to undergo a government-funded rapid RT-PCR test when their flight touches down. Travelers testing negative can then proceed to customs and immigration and should take a quarantine vehicle to a quarantine hotel/government quarantine facility where they will complete quarantine; those testing positive will be transported to a designated hospital by ambulance on the airside of the airport after designated personnel complete document inspection.
- Testing-on-arrival requirements to be expanded to those arriving from India and Southeast Asia beginning 20 January 2022. Details here
- Transit travelers will be temporarily barred from entry. Check with your airline to verify as rules and procedures may change with little notice.
- TECO will halt processing of visa applications. More information.

Entry exemptions: see above

Testing Locations: Designated hospital list for out-of-pocket COVID-19 testing, <u>link</u>. Further details and information, <u>here</u>

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Quarantine for all arrivals will be reduced to **10 days** starting 7 March.

- You are required to purchase a local SIM card at the airport for the purpose of location tracking while you are under quarantine. Travelers arriving in Taiwan must use quarantine vehicles to their quarantine location
- A nationwide list of <u>quarantine hotels</u>.
- Entry Quarantine System link to app for use on any smartphone. To be filled out before entry.
- Required quarantine period and quarantine location:
 - The number of days an arrival should quarantine will be shortened to 10 days, and the day of arrival counts as Day 0; a seven-day self-health management will be required starting the 11th day.
 - The arrival should quarantine at home or a residence of his or her family or friends, and the principle of one person per residence should be observed. If the principle of one person per residence cannot be followed, the arrival should complete the 10-day quarantine at a quarantine hotel.
 - Family members/household members who arrive on the same day may choose to quarantine together in their home or a residence of their friends or family or they may stay in the same quarantine quarter depending on their willingness and room types of the quarantine hotel where they stay. However, due to the space of single rooms, it is not recommended that more than two people share a room.
- Testing measures:
 - PCR testing (a total of two tests):
 - Arrivals will undergo a PCR test upon arrival (Day 0) as currently required.
 - Before the end of quarantine (the 10th day of quarantine), arrivals will undergo another PCR test at a hospital or a location arranged or designated by their local government. Those testing negative should continue to practice a seven-day self-health management after being released from quarantine.
 - At-home rapid testing (a total of five tests):

- At-home rapid tests: a test will be given on the third, fifth and seventh days of quarantine and on the third, sixth or seventh day of self-health management, respectively.
- At-home rapid test kits will be given by international airport/port personnel.

Vaccine Exemptions: None at this time.

Internal Restrictions: Screening sites set up for domestic flights. On February 24, the Central Epidemic Command Center (CECC) announced that it will relax epidemic prevention measures from March 1 to March 31. Details about related regulations linked here. Beginning 21 January, proof of full vaccination is required to enter certain leisure and entertainment venues.

Current as of 9 March

Turkey

Entry/Exit Restrictions:

- All passengers arriving in Turkey must fill in the <u>Turkey Entry Form</u> within 72 hours before their flight. The paper form or the mobile screenshot of the form will be checked prior to boarding.
 - A private HES code will be created automatically with the given information. Travelers must show proof of having completed the form or their HES code.
 - If you do not receive and HES code, you can download the <u>HES App</u> and apply for one there.
- As of 10 January 2022, passengers on direct flights from South Africa, Botswana, Mozambique, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Brazil, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, India, and Pakistan, passengers who have been to these countries in the past 14 days and planning to enter Turkey from another country must:
 - Submit a negative PCR test within 72 hours before arrival in Turkey.
 - Passengers on direct flights from these countries or who have been to these countries in the past 14 days and planning to enter Turkey from another country shall be exempt from quarantine if they can:
 - Provide proof of a two-dose vaccination approved by WHO and the Ministry of Health of the Turkish Republic (single dose for Johnson and Johnson) and a minimum 14 days have passed since the last dose.
 - Without proof of either a negative PCR test or vaccination, passengers must quarantine for 7 days at their residency or address they state.
 - Passengers who wish to end their quarantine early may take a PCR test on day 5 if negative, they can end their quarantine.
 - More details here.
- When entering Turkey from countries not included above, passengers will not be required to submit a negative PCR test result if they submit a document issued by the relevant country's official authorities stating that they have been vaccinated at least 14 days before entry or have proof of recovery within the last 6 months.
 - Quarantine measures will not be applied for these passengers.
 - o If passengers departing from these countries cannot submit a vaccine certificate or the documents proving they have had the disease according to the stated rules, submission of a PCR negative test result submitted 72 hours of arrival or a negative rapid antigen test result within 48 hours of arrival will be deemed sufficient.
- People entering Turkey may be subjected to a PCR test on the basis of sampling at their destination. In this context, passengers will be allowed to go to their final destination after the test samples are taken.
 - Passengers with positive test results will be quarantined for 14 days at the addresses they provided and if the PCR test results at the end of the 10th day are negative, the quarantine will be terminated.



• Quarantine for those who have the will be terminated with a negative PCR test result at the end of the 14th day.

Entry Exemptions: None

Testing Locations: International airports have testing availability for travelers **Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions:** Arrivals from Afghanistan or who are required to submit a negative PCR test taken within a maximum 72 hours before entry **Vaccine Exemptions:** Those passengers arriving from countries not listed above will not be required to submit a negative PCR test result if they submit a document issued by the relevant country's official authorities stating that they have been vaccinated at least 14 days before entry or have proof of recovery within the last 6 months.

Internal Restrictions: As of 3 March 2022, facemasks are no longer required outdoors or in well-ventilated uncrowded indoor spaces.

- Facemasks remain mandatory on public transport, in healthcare settings, cinema, theaters, and classrooms.
- Individuals no longer need to present an HES code before entering public venues.
 - An <u>HES valid code</u> must still be presented before international or intercity travel on public transport.
 - A fine of 900 TL will be imposed on those who do not comply with the requirement.

Current as of 9 March

<u>United</u> <u>Kingdom</u>

Entry/Exit Restrictions:

The Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office currently advises against all but essential international travel. Visit your country on the <u>FCO's website</u> to determine UK entry restrictions.

- A <u>Public Health Passenger Locator Form</u> must be given to immigration on arrival. Entry to <u>England</u> and additional requirements depends on your travel in the previous 10 days before arrival and/or your vaccination status.

 Testing:
- If you are **fully vaccinated** before you travel to England you are no longer required to take a pre-departure or on-arrival (Day 2) test and will no longer be required to quarantine.
- If you are **not fully vaccinated** before you travel to England you must: <u>take a COVID-19</u> test within the 2 days before you travel to England AND book and pay for a COVID-19 test to be taken within 48 hours of arriving and complete a passenger locator form in the 48 hours before you arrive in England.
- If your test result is positive, you must self-isolate immediately. The standard self-isolation period is 10 full days. The day you took the test is day 0.
- You can stop self-isolating on day 6 if you take a rapid lateral flow test on days 5 and 6 of your self-isolation period and
 - $\circ \quad \text{ You take the tests at least 24 hours apart} \\$
 - Both tests are negative
 - You do not have a high temperature

If you have traveled to a country on the Red list in the last 10 days - you must self-quarantine in a hotel and take 2 COVID-19 tests and will only be allowed to enter the UK if you are a British or Irish National, or you have residence rights in the UK. From 1 October as part of regulatory changes following the UK's departure from the EU, arrivals will no longer be able to use national ID cards to enter the UK and will require passports; some categories of traveler will be able to continue to use national ID cards for entry until 31 December 2025

Entry Exemptions: see above

Testing Locations: A list of providers for COVID-19 travel tests can be found here.



Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Requirements vary from England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland. If you arrive in England from a country on the travel ban list or 'red list' you'll need to self-isolate in a quarantine hotel for at least 10 days AND take a COVID-19 test on or before day 2 and on or after day 8 of quarantine. UK and Irish citizens. Essential workers listed are exempt from the quarantine. The exemption rules published for essential workers, including Aerospace engineers may suddenly change following new testing requirements for ALL travelers. At the border, you will need to show a letter from your company which includes: your personal details, such as name and address, contact details for your employer, what work you'll be doing If your employer issued you with photo identification, you should bring this with you to the UK.

Vaccine Exemptions: You must have been fully vaccinated under the UK vaccination program requirements AND have not been in a <u>red list country</u> in the 10 days before you arrive in England

Internal Restrictions: Local lockdown measures may be in place in <u>England</u>, <u>Scotland</u>, <u>Wales</u>, and <u>Northern Ireland</u>.

In England, face coverings are no longer required by law but still strongly encouraged. Current as of 8 March

United States

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Effective 7 December, all airline passengers to the US two years and older, regardless of vaccination status or citizenship, must provide a negative COVID-19 viral test taken within one calendar day of travel. Alternatively, travelers to the United States may provide documentation from a licensed health care provider of having recovered from COVID-19 in the 90 days preceding travel.

As of 8 November, you must be fully vaccinated to travel to the United States by plane if you are a non-U.S. citizen, non-U.S. immigrant.

Travelers must:

- Show proof of full vaccination (or proof of recovery) by an FDA or WHO-approved vaccine and testing within 3 days of departure.
- Unvaccinated foreigners must have a compelling/essential reason for entry and must (along with unvaccinated Americans) provide proof of a negative COVID test within 1 day of travel.
- All air passengers to the United States will also be required to provide contact information to airlines before boarding flights to the United States.
- See the <u>CDC</u> for testing and documentation requirements and for the <u>new rules</u>. Travelers allowed entry that are not vaccinated must:
- Get tested with a viral test 3-5 days after arrival, unless you have documentation of having recovered from COVID-19 in the past 90 days.
- Stay at home or in your hotel room and self-quarantine for a full 7 days, even if you test negative, unless you have documentation of having recovered from COVID-19 in the past 90 days.
- Isolate if your test result is positive or you develop COVID-19 symptoms.
- If you intend to stay in the US for 60 days or longer, you must become fully vaccinated against COVID-19 within 60 days of arriving in the US.

As of 8 November, foreign nationals who have been fully vaccinated and have appropriate documentation will also be permitted to enter the United States via land ports of entry (POEs) and ferry terminals for non-essential reasons such as tourism. The Department of Homeland Security has published guidelines for Land and Ferry entry. Travelers must:

- present proof of COVID-19 vaccination as outlined on the CDC website; and,
- verbally attest to their non-essential travel and COVID-19 vaccination status.

Entry Exemptions: Individuals who are identified in the new <u>proclamation</u>. Children under 18, People medically unable to receive the vaccine, Emergency travelers who do

not have timely access to a vaccine. Please note there are NO family-based exceptions for foreign spouses or adult children of U.S. citizens, nor exceptions on religious or moral convictions.

<u>National Interest Exemptions</u> (NIEs) are no longer required or valid for travel to the United States.

Testing Locations: Testing locations can be found here.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: All international travelers should expect heightened screening measures. If you test negative, the CDC <u>recommends</u> testing 3-5 days after arriving and quarantining for 7 days upon arrival.

Vaccine Exemptions: As of 8 November, the U.S. is allowing vaccinated foreign nationals to enter, including those traveling from countries previously on the travel ban list. Permitted vaccines: Moderna, Pfizer/BioNTech, Janssen (Johnson & Johnson), AstraZeneca, including Covishield, Sinopharm (Beijing), Sinovac. Enhanced contact tracing and masking will also be required, but there will be no quarantine mandate. **Internal Restrictions**: Mask requirements and business closures vary by <u>state</u>.

Current as of 9 March

Vietnam

Entry/Exit Restrictions: Announced 18 January: Foreigners and overseas Vietnamese, who hold valid permanent or temporary residence cards, visas and visa exemption certificates, can enter Vietnam in accordance with the Law on foreigners' entry into, exit from, transit through and residence in Vietnam without having to obtain prior approval from relevant Ministries, sectors, and local authorities or undergoing pre-clearance procedures at the Immigration Department.

Foreigners who wish to enter Vietnam for market research, business, investment, work, conferences, study, family visits but do not have one of the above-mentioned documents must obtain approval from the provincial People's Committees or Ministries, sectors, and central authorities before undergoing sponsoring, inviting procedures for visas at the Immigration Department.

All who are allowed entry must comply with (these may change with little notice):

- Comply with quarantine measures.
- Contact the agencies/organizations in Vietnam, in which they are going to work to carry out visa procedures in accordance with the regulations.
- Be placed under medical surveillance for at least 28 days.
- Provide a negative PCR test taken up to 72 hours before arrival.
- Fill out a <u>Health Declaration Form</u>
- The Vietnamese government on October 7 announced their plans to reopen borders to foreign visitors from June 2022, with several provinces, including Phu Quoc and Khanh Hoa implementing pilot phases as early as November 2021. Any further questions about these plans should be directed to the Vietnamese authorities directly.
- On December 1, the Civil Aviation Authority of Vietnam (CAAV) announced the suspension of all international flights to and from several African countries as well as travelers with a history of having been in those countries due to concerns over the COVID-19 virus variant Omicron.
- On 30 December, <u>four countries and one territory</u> (U.S., Cambodia, Taiwan, Japan and Singapore) agreed to resume regular flights with Vietnam beginning early January. Regular flights are scheduled to resume this month to Bangkok (Thailand), Beijing/Guangzhou (China), Phnom Penh (Cambodia), San Francisco or Los Angeles (the U.S.), Seoul (the Republic of Korea), Singapore, Taiwan (China), Tokyo (Japan), and Vientiane (Laos). Any further questions about these plans should be directed to the Vietnamese authorities directly.

Entry Exemptions: Investors, experts, high-skilled workers, business managers **Testing Locations:** List of COVID-19 testing locations, <u>link</u>.

Quarantine Requirements/Exemptions: Beginning January 1, 2022, travelers who are fully vaccinated with negative COVID-19 RT-PCR test results taken up to 72 hours before arrival must self-quarantine at home or their places of accommodation for three days upon entry. Two RT-PCR tests will be conducted on the first and third day of entry. If negative, entrants are still required to monitor their health for the next 11 days. Detailed instructions, including information for entrants who have not been fully vaccinated, are available on the Vietnamese).

Entrants who have not received full vaccinations must quarantine in either a designated hotel or a preapproved residence for 7 days. You will need to take a PCR test on days 3 and 7 and self-monitor up to day 14. You will be responsible for paying any hotel charges and for coronavirus testing costs. The 14-day quarantine period also applies to confirmed COVID-19 patients in Vietnam and any individual considered high-risk (e.g. those with recent contact with confirmed COVID-19 cases or with recent travel history to outbreak areas identified by the Vietnamese government).

- Please also note that the Vietnamese government may extend quarantine periods or impose post-quarantine movement restrictions if deemed necessary to minimize the spread of an outbreak.
- If you test positive, you will be treated in a Vietnamese hospital. Following discharge, you will be expected to undertake a 14-day period of self-isolation during which you should not leave home unless urgent. However, the Ministry of Health has ordered localities to continue quarantining all entrants who have completed 14-day mandatory quarantine, applicable from 4 May at both State and civilian quarantine sites for an as yet undetermined length of time.
- Testing and quarantine expenses are to be paid by the traveler. Once you have completed quarantine and self-isolation you should receive a document specifying this. You should keep this, as you may need to present it to customs/airport officials when you leave.

Vaccine Exemptions: Reduced quarantine periods may be offered to those fully vaccinated with a negative COVID-19 test. Vietnam is working with the United States, European Union, ASEAN countries, China, Japan, South Korea and other countries around the world for mutual recognition of a Vaccine Passport to facilitate resumption of travel. The vaccine "Green Pass" - issued by a medical facility in Vietnam as both a digital and paper copy of proof of vaccination - will allow the holder to enter certain venues or areas. Vietnam recognizes proof of vaccination from 72 countries.

Internal Restrictions: Beginning late September 2021, cities and provinces across Vietnam have gradually resumed operations of public services and lifted curfew requirements. Interprovincial transportation remains heavily restrained. Travelers should continue to closely monitor guidance from local authorities and seek assistance from their landlords, accommodation providers, employers, or sponsoring organizations in Vietnam as needed.

Vietnam uses community testing as a means to provide assurance that COVID-19 is not being transmitted undetected. Should you be asked to undertake testing, you should comply. Failure to comply can be an offense with significant punishments.

Current as of 8 March

